



Overview of Research Experience and Capabilities

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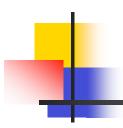
- Background
- Capabilities
- Facilities
- Research Projects
- Modeling Tools



Microelectronics Heat Transfer Laboratory



- established in 1984 within the Department of Mechanical Engineering at the University of Waterloo
- research and development related to heat transfer and other thermodynamic phenomena
- fully funded through industrial and governmental grants and contracts
- staff includes:
 - ➤ 1 faculty member + 1 retired faculty member
 - ➤ 2 research engineers
 - ➤ 4 graduate students
 - ➤ 1 post doctoral fellow
 - ➤ 1 technician



Modeling Capabilities



- conjugate heat transfer for microelectronics
- convection and conduction from bodies of arbitrary shape
- thermal contact resistance
- thermal spreading resistance
- fluid flow and heat transfer for heat exchangers and cold plates



Experimental Capabilities



- conjugate heat transfer for packages & boards
- air and liquid cooled heat sink performance
- thermal contact & spreading resistance
- thermal conductivity measurements
- testing of thermal interface materials
- surface characterization
- radiation heat transfer



Facilities



- wind tunnel
- heat exchanger test rig
- contact resistance test rig
- thermal interface material test rig
- surface analysis
- computing equipment



Wind Tunnel





- 18" open circuit wind tunnel
- adaptable test section
- airflow up to 15 m/s



Heat Exchanger Test Rig





- flow rates up to 3 gpm
- power input up to 3 kW
- water, glycol, other fluids



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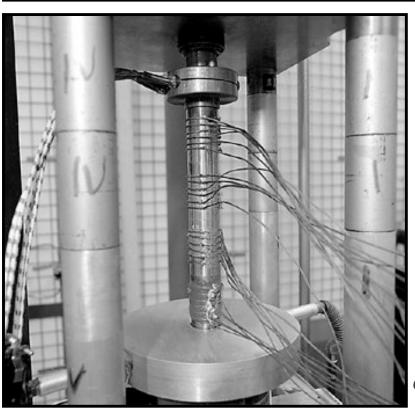
Dupont Canada / University of Waterloo Meeting





Contact Resistance Rig

Working Ranges



Canada / University of Waterloo Meeting

Thermal Interface Materials

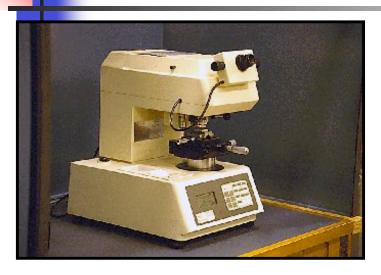




- load cell
 - 100 or 1000 lbs
- linear actuator
 - digitally controlled stepper motor
 - 400 steps / rev0.1 inch per revolution
- laser-based thickness measurement:
 - 1 micron precsion

Surface Characterization 6





- ➤ Leitz Durimet Microhardness Tester
 - indenter loads: 15 2000 g
 - sample temperatures: up to 200 °C

➤ Talysurf 5 surface profilometer

- surface roughness, wavines and profile for flat or circular surfaces
- calculates RMS roughness & RMS surface slope
- > Taylor Hobson Surtronic 3+
 - portable surface profilometer
 - resolution $0.01 \, \mu m \rightarrow 300 \, \mu m$





Computing Facilities



Hardware:

- > SUN SunBlade 1000 dual processor UltraSparc
- ➤ SUN SunBlade 2000 dual processor UltraSparc III (2003)
- ➤ SGI Octane dual processor R10000 workstation
- ➤ 14 networked PC's

Software:

- > Numerical CFD Simulation: Flotherm, Ideas, Icepack
- > Symbolic Mathematics: Mathematica, Maple, Matlab
- ➤ Code Development: Visual Basic, C++, CGI, Java, Javascript



Research Projects

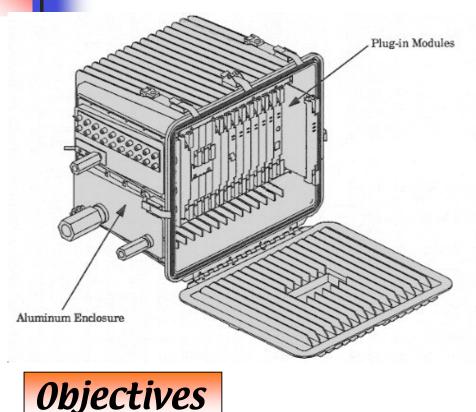


- Natural convection in microelectronic enclosures
- analytical modeling of heat sinks
 - ➤ flow by-pass
 - ➤ design optimization
- modeling of liquid cooled cold plates
- contact & spreading resistance models
 - ➤ non-conforming, rough surfaces
 - > sources on compound disks and flux channels
- characterization of thermal interface materials
- virtual reality modeling of heating/ventilation in car seats



Natural Convection in Enclosures





Overview

- combine conduction and laminar natural convection limiting cases using composite solution technique
- simple model formulation can include radiation and conduction effects
- develop analytical models for steady-state natural convection from a heated body to

its

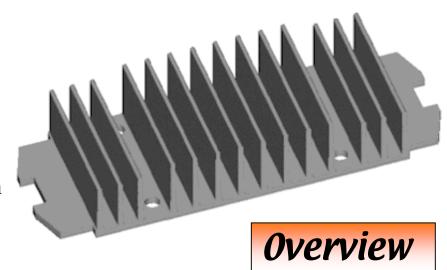
Heat Sinks: Optimization Routines



Objectives

- develop thermal simulation tools that optimize heat sink design variables based on the minimization of entropy generation
- establish a thermodynamic balance between heat transfer, viscous dissipation and mass transport





- entropy production

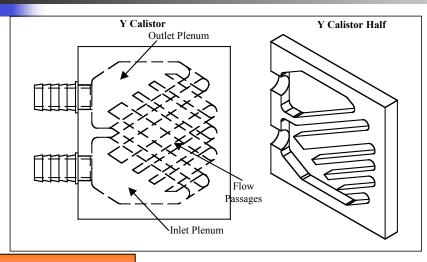
 amount of

 energy degraded to a form unavailable

 for work
- lost work is an additional amount of heat that could have been extracted
- minimizing the production of entropy provides a concurrent optimization of all design variables





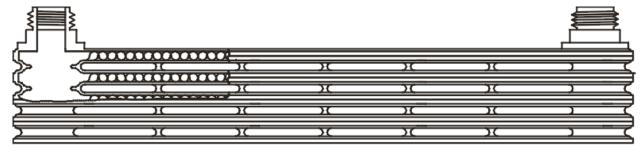


Objectives

 develop analytical models for predicting the heat transfer and fluid friction characteristics of heat exchangers and cold plates

Overview

- general models for predicting friction factors and Nusselt numbers for fully developed, thermally developing, and simultaneously developing flow in non-circular ducts.
- models are developed by combining the asymptotic behavior for various flow regions.



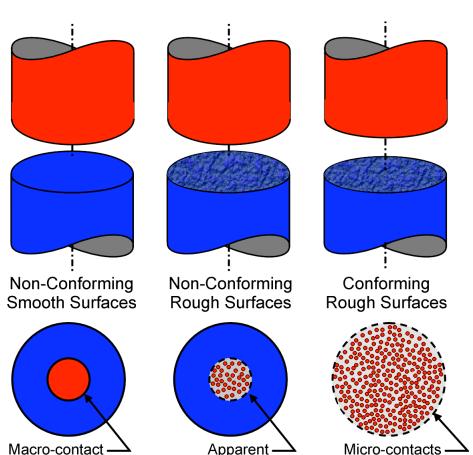


Thermal Contact Resistance: Non-Conforming, Rough Surfaces



Objectives

• develop thermo-mechanical models for predicting contact resistance in real surfaces with microscopic roughness and waviness



contact area

Overview

• mechanical models combine the effects of plastic deformation at the microscopic level with elastic deformation at the macroscopic level

area



Thermal Interface Materials: Grease

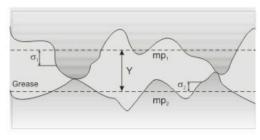


Objectives

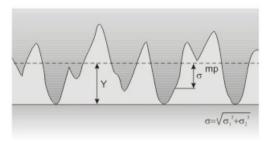
• develop a simple model for determining thermal joint resistance with grease filled interstitial gaps

Overview

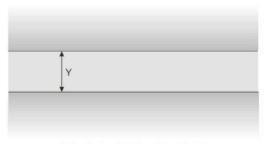
• combine joint conductance models with a bulk resistance model for grease, based on an equivalent layer thickness



a) Two Nominally Flat Rough Surfaces



b) Equivalent Rough Surface, Smooth Plane Contact



c) Equivalent Uniform Gap Model



Heating and Ventilation in Car Seats



Objectives

- develop thermofluid models for simulating heating and cooling of car seats
- develop a human interaction model to assess the ergonomic

response between the human and the seat

Overview

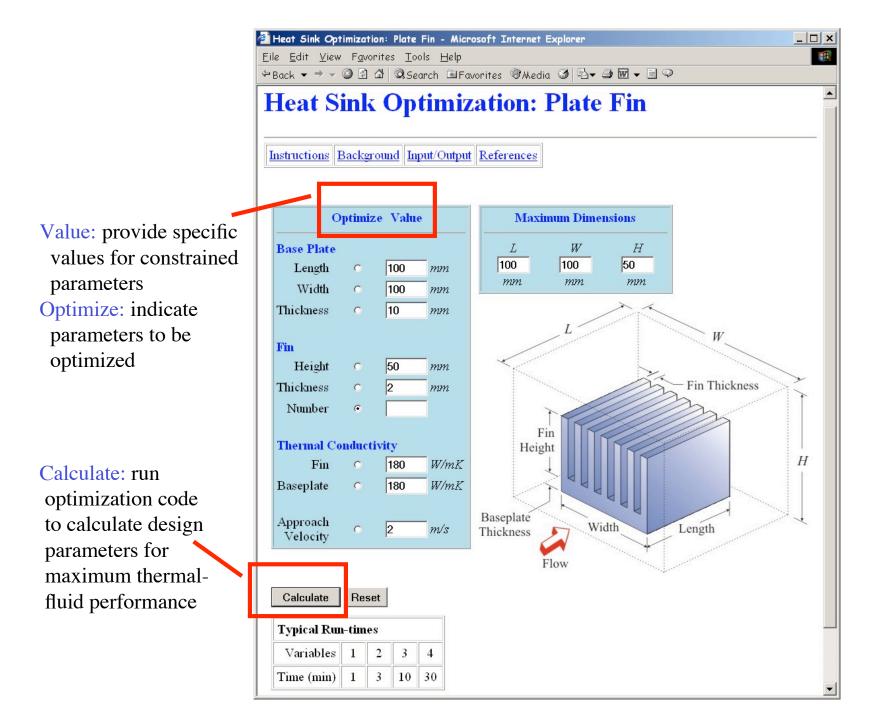
- a 21 segment model of a human is developed to determine the response to rapid chances in temperature
- models must be fast and accurate in order to provide near real time simulation as part of a virtual reality model

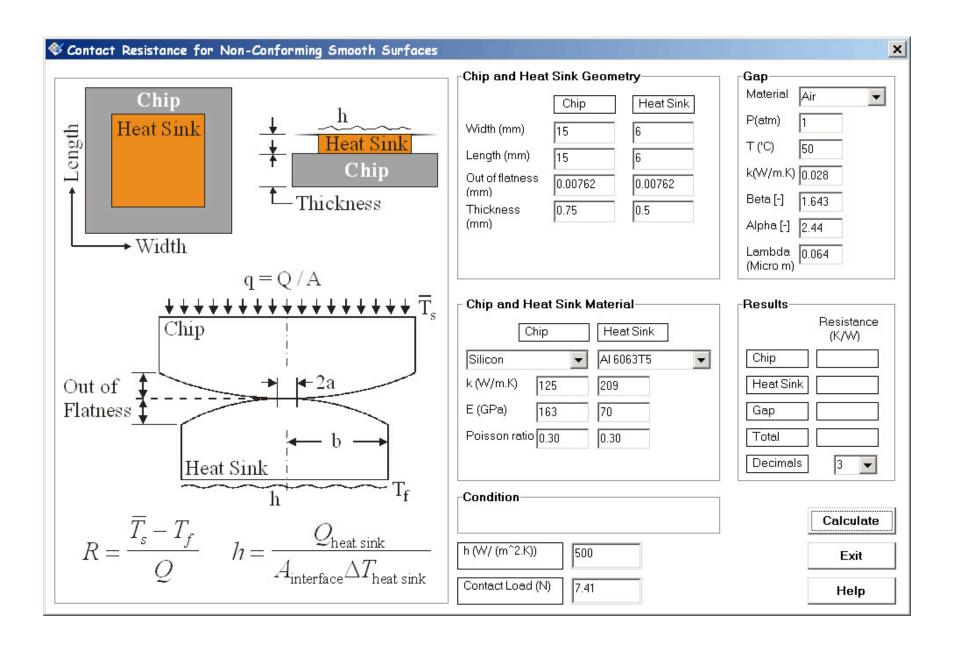


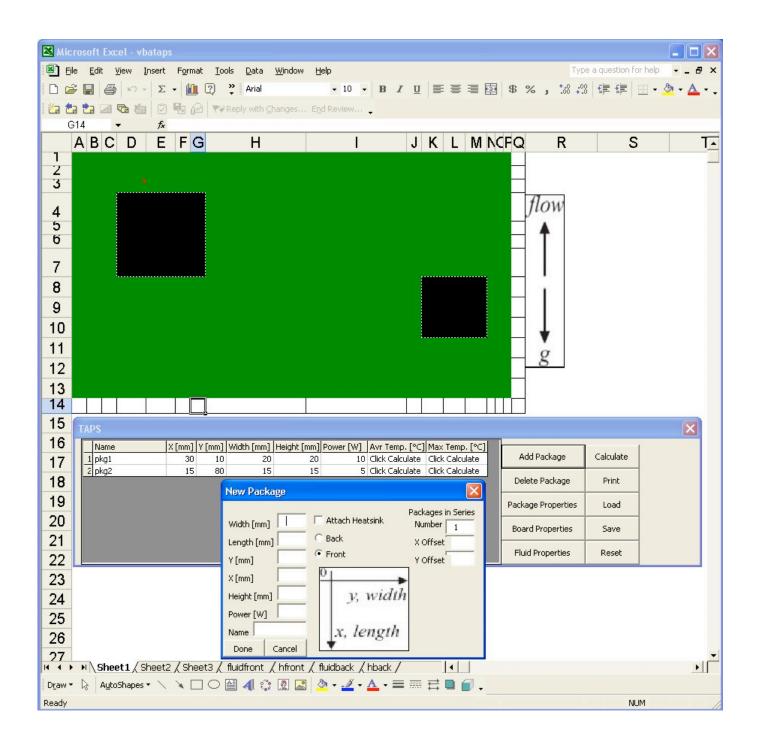
Design Tools



- URL for the MHTL Web page http://www.mhtlab.uwaterloo.ca
- tool set includes:
 - > natural convection in heat sinks: radial fins, plate fins
 - > spreading resistance:
 - circular source on a compound disk, flux tube or half space
 - rectangular source on a rectangular disk, flux tube or half space
 - > PCB thermal simulation
 - thermophysical property calculator
 - ➤ special function calculator









Contact Information



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